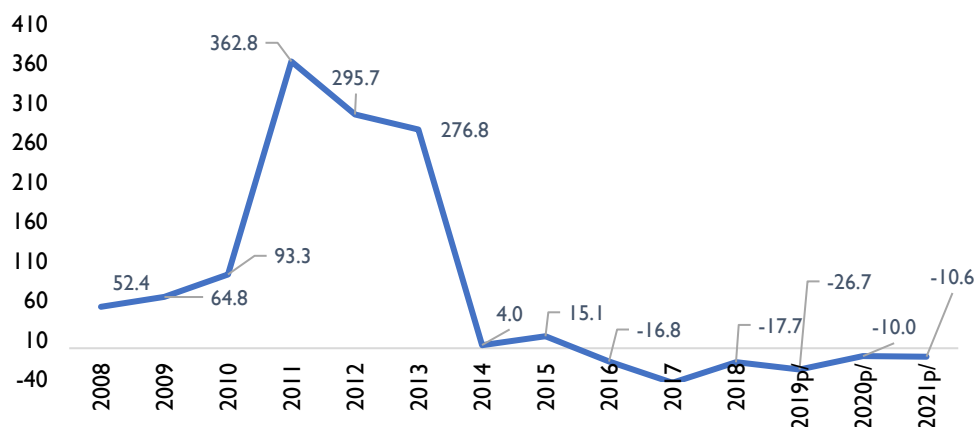




## CANADA'S INVESTMENTS IN GUATEMALA

Canada's Investments in Guatemala 2008 - 2021  
in US\$ Millions



Industry Classification	Value (in US\$ millions) 2021*
Transport and storage	US\$0.2
Other activities	US\$0.8

\*Only the two industries with investments are included for the year 2021.

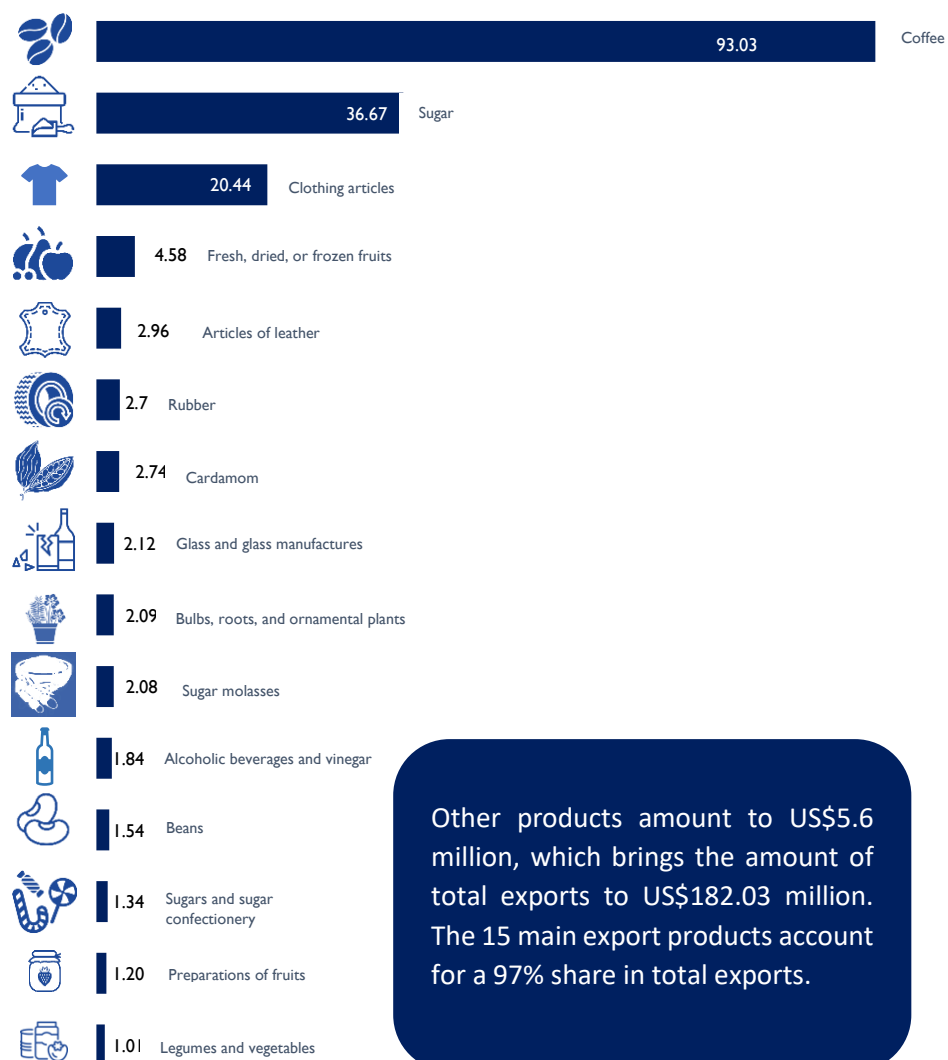
## GLOBAL COMPETITIVENESS INDEX - 2019

PILLAR	GLOBAL	
	CA	GT
GLOBAL RANKING	14	98
Institutions	13	121
Infrastructure	26	102
ICT Adoption	35	110
Macroeconomic Stability	1	81
Health	14	88
Skills	12	103
Product Market	24	46
Labour Market	8	122
Financial System	9	81
Market Size	16	75
Business Dynamism	12	96
Innovation Capability	16	98



## GUATEMALA'S TRADE WITH CANADA – 15 Main Products - 2021

### Exports (in US\$ millions)



Other products amount to US\$5.6 million, which brings the amount of total exports to US\$182.03 million. The 15 main export products account for a 97% share in total exports.

### Imports (in US\$ millions)



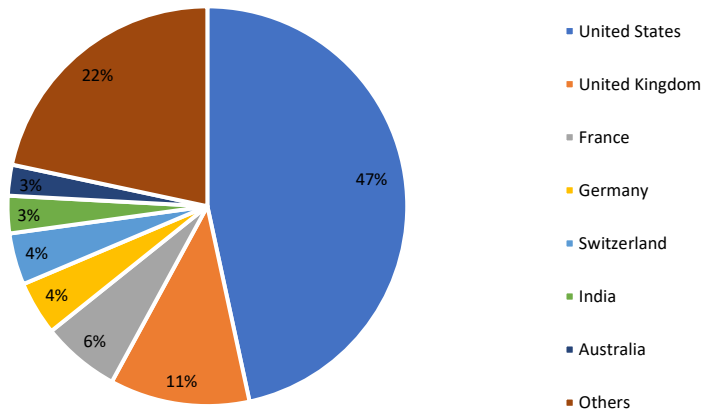
Other products amount to US\$17.48 million, which brings the amount of total imports to US\$246.09 million. The 15 main import products account for an 93% share in total imports.



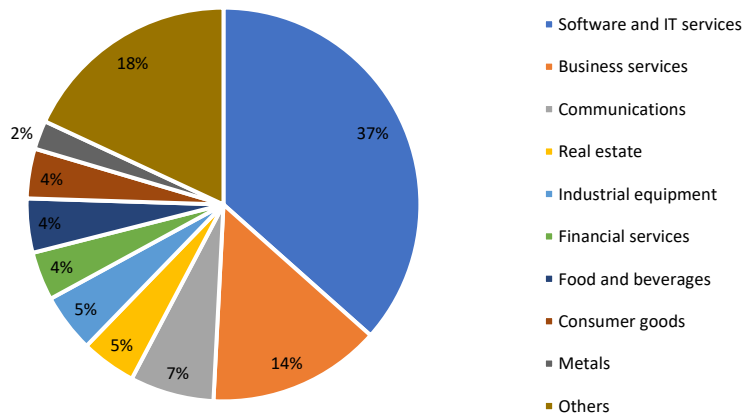
**INVESTMENT PROJECTS 2019 – MAY 2022**

**1,122 Investment Projects in Canada**

**By Source Country**

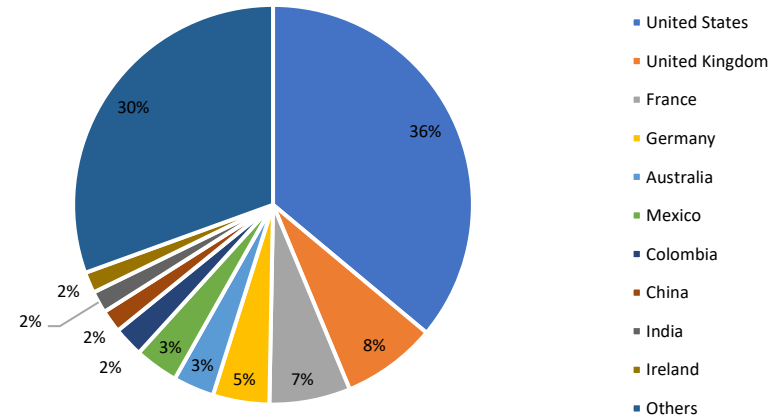


**By Sector**

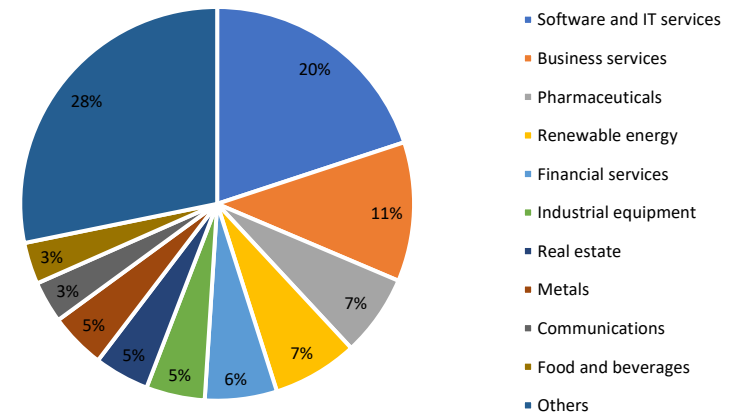


Canada has undertaken 1,356 investment projects in other countries, and they are disaggregated as follows:

**By Destination Country**



**By Sector**

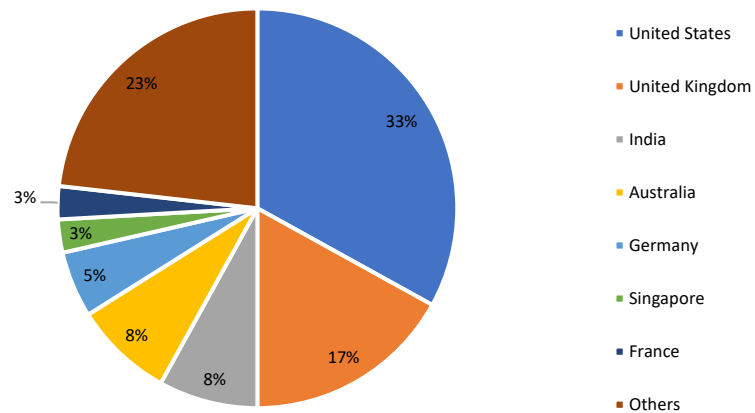




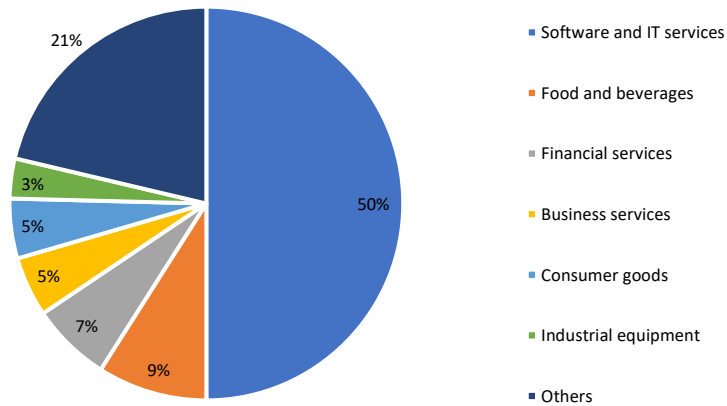
**INVESTMENT SIGNALS JULY 2020 – MAY 2022**

**112 Investment Signals Destined for Canada**

**By Source Country**

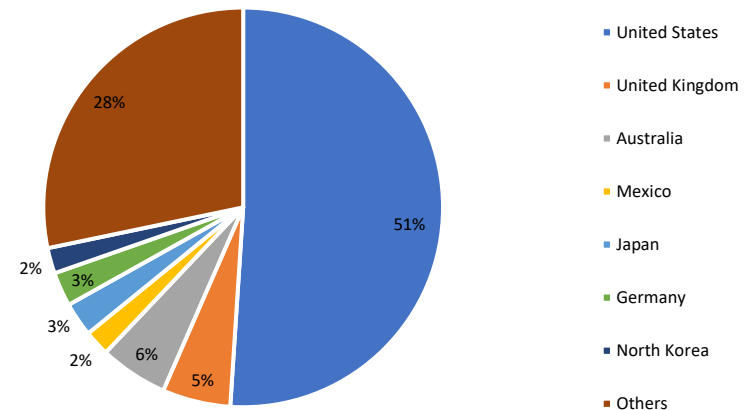


**By Sector**

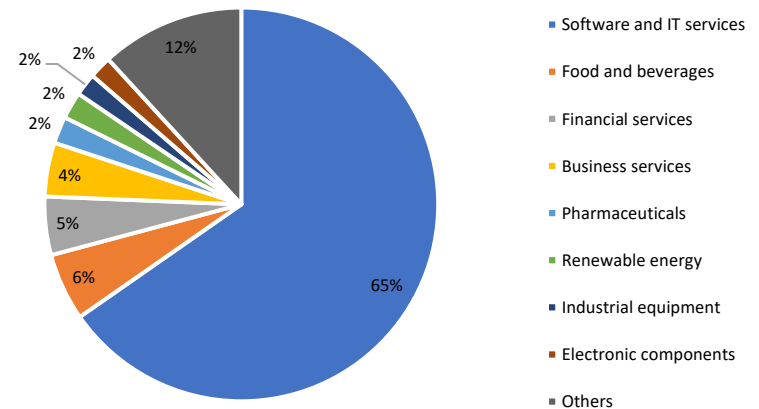


**145 investment signals have been registered from Canada**

**By Destination Country**



**By Sector**



**INFRASTRUCTURE FOR COMPETITIVENESS**

Infrastructure is a pillar of competitiveness. Canada has a solid and developed infrastructure sector that is highly competitive and specialized, as well as investment plans to continuously reduce its infrastructure gaps. Currently, in the context of the recent COVID-19 pandemic, the country has plans to invest heavily in the sector as an economic-reactivation strategy. This opens up significant opportunities for companies that can participate in major projects.

In Canada, the infrastructure sector is segmented into social infrastructure (schools, hospitals, defense, others), transportation infrastructure (railroads, roads, airports, waterways), extractive infrastructure (power generation, transmission and distribution of electricity, water, and gas, telecommunications), manufacturing infrastructure (production of metals and minerals, oil refining, chemical manufacturing, industrial parks and clusters, and others).

According to Mordor Intelligence forecasts, the country's infrastructure sector will grow by approximately 5% per year during the forecast period (2022-2027). The investments that the Government has projected are expected to support the growth of the construction industry in Canada. According to the "Growth Plan" launched in October 2020, it is foreseen that US\$7,600 million will be allocated to the Canada Infrastructure Bank (CIB) and that 60,000 jobs will be created.

In addition to this Plan, the Government is taking steps to attract more Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) to boost tourism, including large-scale international-event tourism, which will increase the demand at airports. The Government has committed over US\$561.35 million for 16 air and 27 maritime projects under the National Trade Corridors Fund, and at least US\$870 million for 19 rail and 21 road projects.

<https://www.mordorintelligence.com/es/industry-reports/infrastructure-sector-in-canada#>

**NEWS****Canada Makes and Aggressive Move into Rare Earth Elements**

<https://elpais.com/economia/negocios/2022-10-05/canada-pisa-con-fuerza-en-las-tierras-raras.html>

Canada is looking to increase production of key chemical elements required to develop the new economy, with a list of 17 elements that can be used in medical, military and telecommunications equipment, as well as in the green transition to manufacture electric vehicles and wind turbines.

**Germany Seeks to Use Canadian Nitrogen to Reduce Its Dependence on Russian Energy.**

<https://www.larepublica.co/globoeconomia/con-nitrogeno-canadiense-alemania-busca-reducir-su-dependencia-energetica-rusa-3434113>

Starting in 2025, Canada will supply nitrogen using export pipelines located in the USA. Germany views Canada as the ideal partner to secure its supply and to supply Russian producers, thus becoming the first customer of the green-nitrogen plant, as it is being called. The infrastructure still needs to be developed, but everything is pointing to the beginning of a geopolitical change that could have a positive impact on American-European relations.

**Inflation Records 4-Year Highs in the UK and Canada.**

<https://www.eleconomista.com.mx/economia/Inflacion-registra-maximos-de-40-anos-en-UK-y-Canada-20220720-0134.html>

Inflation in Canada rose at its fastest pace since 1983, official data showed, although the increase was not as steep as predicted. Canada's annual inflation reached 8.1% in June, driven by higher gasoline costs.

**Canada to Invest in Infrastructure to Boost Economy**

<https://www.icex.es/icex/es/navegacion-principal/todos-nuestros-servicios/informacion-de-mercados/paises/navegacion-principal/noticias/canada-plan-infraestructuras-impulsar-economia-new2020861846.html?idPais=CA>

The Canadian government has announced a C\$10 billion (approximately €6.39 billion) infrastructure plan aimed at creating jobs and boosting economic growth. The 3-year plan is expected to create 60,000 new jobs. The focus of the projects is mainly on renewable energy, internet connectivity, energy-efficient building retrofits, agricultural irrigation, and electric public transportation.